1	IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE VIRGIN ISLANDS DIVISION OF ST. CROIX
2	DIVISION OF SI. CROIX
3	IN RE: RED DUST CLAIMS,) MASTER CASE NO.) SX-15-CV-620
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6	Thursday, January 24, 2019
7	Kingshill, St. Croix
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10	The above-entitled action came on for HEARING before the Honorable ROBERT A. MOLLOY, Judge, in Courtroom
11	Number 203.
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19	THIS TRANSCRIPT REPRESENTS THE PRODUCT OF AN OFFICIAL COURT REPORTER, ENGAGED BY THE COURT,
20	WHO HAS PERSONALLY CERTIFIED THAT IT REPRESENTS HER ORIGINAL NOTES AND RECORDS OF TESTIMONY AND
21	PROCEEDINGS OF THE CASE AS RECORDED.
22	CAROL GRECO, RPR
23	Official Court Reporter (340) 778-9750 Ext. 7153
24	(340) //0-9/30 Ext. /133
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1 <u>A P P E A R A N C E S</u>: 2 For Plaintiffs: LEE J. ROHN & ASSOCIATES, LLC 3 1101 King Street Christiansted, VI 00820 4 Phone: 340-778-8855 BY: LEE J. ROHN, ESQUIRE 5 JENNIFER KOOCHOGEY, ESQUIRE 6 7 For Defendants St. Croix Alumina, LLC and Alcoa, Inc.: ANDREW C. SIMPSON, P.C. 8 2191 Church Street, Suite 5 Christiansted, VI 00820 9 Phone: 340-719-3900 BY: ANDREW C. SIMPSON, ESQUIRE 10 11 For Defendant St. Croix Renaissance Group, LLLP: 12 LAW OFFICE OF CARL J. HARTMANN, III 5000 Estate Coakley Bay, I6 13 Christiansted, VI 00820 Phone: 340-642-4422 14 BY: CARL J. HARTMANN, III, ESQUIRE 15 For Defendant Glencore, Ltd f/k/a Clarendon, Ltd.: 16 HUNTER & COLE 17 1138 King Street, Third Floor Christiansted, VI 00820 18 Phone: 340-773-3535 BY: RICHARD H. HUNTER, ESQUIRE 19 20 For Defendant Century Aluminum Company: 21 LAW OFFICE OF JAMES L. HYMES, III P.C. Post Office Box 990 22 St. Thomas, VI 00804 Phone: 340-776-3470 23 JAMES L. HYMES, III, ESQUIRE BY: 24 Certificate of Reporter Page 64 25

1	PROCEEDINGS AT 2:20 PM
2	THE COURT: Good afternoon.
3	THE CLERK: In regards to the red dust
4	claims, master case SX-15-CV-620.
5	THE COURT: Appearances, please, Counsel.
6	MS. ROHN: Good afternoon. Lee Rohn and
7	Jennifer Koockogey for the plaintiffs.
8	MR. SIMPSON: Good afternoon, Your Honor.
9	Andrew Simpson on behalf of Alcoa and St. Croix
10	Alumina.
11	MR. HUNTER: Good afternoon, Your Honor.
12	Richard Hunter, Hunter & Cole, on behalf of
13	Glencore, Ltd.
14	MR. HYMES: James Hymes for Century
15	Aluminum.
16	MR. HARTMANN: Carl Hartmann for St. Croix
17	Renaissance Group.
18	THE COURT: Okay. Good afternoon,
19	everyone.
20	First issue, correct me if I'm wrong,
21	Attorney Rohn, but plaintiffs moved to voluntarily
22	dismiss Century Aluminum Company in this case?
23	MS. ROHN: I think I did
24	THE COURT: Yeah. The
25	MS. ROHN: but let me just make sure.

1	THE COURT: Yeah, the problem go ahead,
2	double-check that.
3	MS. ROHN: Do you know when I did that,
4	Your Honor?
5	MR. HYMES: February 28th, 2018.
6	MS. ROHN: Wait a minute. Yep, we did.
7	THE COURT: Okay. The problem there, you
8	filed the motion in the master case. Technically,
9	the master case has no complaint. Technically, you
10	were supposed to file 1,376 motions for voluntary
11	dismissal, in each case.
12	MS. ROHN: Which is all the more reason
13	there ought to be individual pro hac vices. Oh, was
14	that on another subject?
15	THE COURT: Yeah, that's a separate issue.
16	That's a separate issue.
17	So if that's the case, so, Attorney Hymes,
18	why are you here?
19	MR. HYMES: Because the motion hasn't been
20	granted yet.
21	THE COURT: I see.
22	And, Attorney Rohn
23	MR. HYMES: This is the first opportunity
24	we've had to be before the Court since this was
25	filed.

1	THE COURT: Okay. Any objection?
2	MR. HYMES: Not from me. I filed a
3	written position of no opposition.
4	THE COURT: Attorney Simpson, any
5	objection?
6	MR. SIMPSON: No, Your Honor.
7	THE COURT: Attorney Hunter, any
8	objection?
9	MR. HUNTER: None, Your Honor.
10	THE COURT: Attorney Hartmann, any
11	objection?
12	MR. HARTMANN: No, Your Honor.
13	THE COURT: Okay.
14	MS. ROHN: I'll file it in each case.
15	THE COURT: I'm sorry?
16	MS. ROHN: I'll file it in each individual
17	case.
18	THE COURT: In each individual case.
19	Okay. I'm going in filing in each individual
20	case, just note that on January 24th none of the
21	defendants raised an object indicated they have
22	no objection. I think that's that was on the
23	record. And it will be in compliance with Rule
24	41(b). Otherwise, the alternative is you can get a
25	stipulation from all of them, but that's not I

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don't think that's necessary. Okay. 1 Attorney Hymes? 2 MR. HYMES: Yes, Your Honor. 3 THE COURT: You're excused, if you so 4 choose. 5 I'll just stick around for a MR. HYMES: 6 few minutes. 7 THE COURT: Okay. 8 MR. HYMES: Thank you. Thank you, Your 9 Honor. 10 THE COURT: Okay. You're welcome. Okay. 11 Attorney Rohn, where are we in these 12 cases? 13 MS. ROHN: We -- the parties got together 14 and had our ninety -- Rule 93(c)(2) -- or (2)(c)15 with the trying to come up with a discovery plan. 16 That was filed in -- well, and Judge Brady still had 17 the case, back in January -- February 2018 by the 18 defendants. The plaintiffs raised their objections 19 to it. There were some things we agreed to, some 20 things we didn't agree to. And that has sat there 21 for a year. 22 THE COURT: Okay. 23 MS. ROHN: Close to a year. And we filed 24 our objections in opposition on February 14, 2018. 25

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There had been an agreement before Judge 1 Brady that the -- that we would get questionnaires 2 way back a year ago to look at to -- proposed 3 questionnaires to look at to agree to or to point 4 out things we didn't agree to. And to date, we've 5 never gotten those. Because there is an agreement 6 that as to some of this, it can be handled by 7 questionnaires. 8 And one of the things that we discussed 9 was included in the questionnaires would be some of 10 the Rule 26 disclosure information: what persons 11 have knowledge of your claim --12 THE COURT: Say -- say -- restate that. 13 MS. ROHN: What persons have knowledge of 14 your claim and what do you think they know, that 15 kind of thing, instead of having to do all the 16 hundred-and-something filings of Rule 26 discovery. 17 But Attorney Tatro sent me a --18 THE COURT: Oh, I'm sorry. There's 19 something I need for us to discuss before we 20 proceed. 21 I previously clerked for Judge Finch from 22 2005 to 2007. I served as his law clerk. These 23 claims were before him with a lot of these same 24 plaintiffs, and I was assigned to that case. 25 During

that time, he did issue some substantive rulings. 1 So I need to disclose to the parties that I served 2 as his law clerk and this case was assigned to me 3 and I have some prior knowledge about this case. Ι 4 don't recall knowing any of the plaintiffs 5 individually or personally. And I think I 6 previously recused myself from this case and it was 7 reassigned to Judge Brady, and Judge Brady 8 subsequently coordinated the case under the master 9 And then upon the establishment of the docket. 10 complex litigation division, it was reassigned to me 11 as the complex litigation judge. 12 So I need to disclose that to the parties 13 about my previous recusal, that I served as a law 14 clerk for Judge Finch when these claims were in 15 District Court. I'm not disqualified from the case. 16 Disgualified would be auto -- I can't vacate my 17 recusal. But I need to disclose that to the 18 parties. 19 Your Honor, when it was before 20 MS. ROHN: Judge Finch, there were 12 or 13 named plaintiffs. 21 THE COURT: No. I recall more than that. 22 It was a class action, wasn't MS. ROHN: 23 it? 24 THE COURT: It was Joseph Ed Henry and 25

1	that group.
2	MS. ROHN: Yes.
3	THE COURT: Yes.
4	MS. ROHN: And then what happened was
5	so those would have been the representatives of the
б	class.
7	THE COURT: Okay.
8	MS. ROHN: Then Judge Bartle was appointed
9	to the case. Judge Bartle decertified the class
10	THE COURT: Right.
11	MS. ROHN: found that those people
12	those plaintiffs that would have been the
13	representatives in the other case, dismissed some of
14	their cases, left them with property damage claims.
15	Those property damage claims were settled and they
16	are no longer in this case.
17	THE COURT: Okay. So you're
18	MS. ROHN: All none of the original
19	plaintiffs are in this case.
20	THE COURT: Okay. And then so,
21	therefore, I'm assuming
22	MS. ROHN: Well, the original plaintiffs
23	or representatives of the class that was a class for
24	a period of time and then was decertified as a
25	class.

1	THE COURT: Yeah, I don't believe that I
2	was that while the case was pending before Judge
3	Finch when I was there it was certified as a class
4	yet.
5	MS. ROHN: It was you were not the law
6	clerk when it finally was certified as a class.
7	THE COURT: Right.
8	MS. ROHN: And then it went up to the
9	Third Circuit for a period of time and languished
10	there and you and then came back.
11	THE COURT: Right.
12	MS. ROHN: The Third Circuit upheld the
13	class until Judge Bartle got in. He did away with
14	the class and left it to those people. So anybody
15	that would have been before Judge Finch as a
16	representative of the class is no longer in this
17	case.
18	THE COURT: Okay. So I'm assuming you
19	have no objection?
20	MS. ROHN: No, I have none.
21	THE COURT: Okay. Attorney Simpson?
22	MR. SIMPSON: No objection.
23	THE COURT: Attorney Hunter?
24	MR. HUNTER: No objection.
25	THE COURT: Attorney Hartmann?

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1	MR. HARTMANN: No objection, Your Honor.
2	THE COURT: Okay. Attorney Hymes, I
3	MR. HYMES: Well, I will indicate to that
4	no objection
5	THE COURT: You're not
б	MR. HYMES: retroactive to our previous
7	discussion.
8	THE COURT: Okay. Okay. Great. Thank
9	you.
10	MR. HYMES: But I'll stay.
11	THE COURT: Well, technically, you're
12	still part of the case until I sign the order so
13	you
14	MR. HYMES: I'll stay.
15	THE COURT: Okay. Thank you for no
16	objection.
17	Okay. So what I'm going to do, I'm going
18	to orally vacate my recusal, I'm going to reduce it
19	to writing, so you can proceed.
20	Okay. You may finish.
21	MS. ROHN: So as to the so what
22	happened with the questionnaires is then he sent me
23	like four or five questionnaires and said, these are
24	samples, see if you have any objections. And my
25	position was, oh, I'm not going to go through four

1	or five questionnaires, just send me what it is that
2	you want to ask in this case and I'll look at it.
3	And then he disagreed with my opinion and never sent
4	me the questionnaire. So today we still don't have
5	one.
6	THE COURT: Okay. Approximately how many
7	plaintiffs do you represent? What; 1,300,
8	approximately?
9	MS. ROHN: I think it's about 1,300, Your
10	Honor.
11	THE COURT: Okay. Okay.
12	MS. ROHN: So and then you have before
13	you, if you want to have discussion on it, the
14	defendants' proposed discovery plan and the
15	plaintiffs' objections.
16	THE COURT: Is there anything that you
17	would particularly like to be heard on that?
18	MS. ROHN: Yes.
19	THE COURT: Okay. Proceed.
20	MS. ROHN: So because this case is 19
21	years old, many and many of the well, because
22	this is involves the aluminum refinery, so
23	needless to say most of the people who lived around
24	the aluminum refinery were not people of means.
25	Many of them don't speak English. Many of them

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moved because they were renting places and the 1 nature of that. 2 So we did, for the purposes of refiling 3 the claims, locate people. We have told them that 4 they need to keep in touch with us. But many of 5 them have left and gone to the States. Many of them 6 have returned to the -- a couple of them -- I'd say 7 about seven percent have returned to their country 8 of origin, where they came from. 9 So there is a clause in the first one on 10 completing the questionnaires, that if they don't 11 respond to the questionnaires within 200 days 12 there'd be a motion to show cause why their case 13 should not be dismissed. We will endeavor to get 14 the answers to the questionnaires, once we get them, 15 promptly. But it seems to me that that's a little 16 stringent for people who have been trying to be in 17 this case for 19 years to then dismiss their case if 18 they don't get their questionnaires in by an 19 arbitrary deadline. So I'm opposed to that. 20 THE COURT: What is the more reasonable 21 time? 22 MS. ROHN: Well, I don't have -- I 23 actually think that the two -- that there ought to 24 be something less onerous than to show cause why 25

1	their case shouldn't be dismissed. It seems to me
2	that at that point the plaintiff is required to file
3	a motion for extension of time stating a good cause
4	reason why they've been unable to complete the
5	questionnaire.
6	THE COURT: Let me ask everyone this. Why
7	can't we just do the Bellwether approach?
8	MS. ROHN: That's what we have.
9	THE COURT: And then that way we won't let
10	a couple plaintiffs stymie the entire process.
11	MS. ROHN: It is the plaintiffs' position
12	that we ought to take do exactly that. To we
13	ought to take a representative sampling of the
14	plaintiffs, and we don't think it needs to be 150
15	plaintiffs either, and take a sampling of the
16	different varieties of plaintiffs, like a
17	Bellwether, do the questionnaires as to those
18	plaintiffs, do the one-hour deposition they want,
19	and then get those cases ready. To the extent that
20	we can't settle this case, try those cases, get an
21	idea what the jury's verdict value is, and then try
22	to settle the others.
23	It seems and because all of the issues
24	would be the same, the issues of liability would be
25	established and the rest of those would only be

damages. 1 That's always been the plaintiffs' 2 position in this case. 3 So I'll let --4 THE COURT: It's the same --5 MS. ROHN: -- the defendants speak to --6 THE COURT: -- cause of action against the 7 same defendants with regards to all of the 8 plaintiffs. 9 MS. ROHN: Correct. And the same facts 10 and the same witnesses. 11 THE COURT: Right. 12 MS. ROHN: And the -- so --13 THE COURT: But the facts are somewhat 14 different based on each nuance of each plaintiff --15 MS. ROHN: As to damages. 16 THE COURT: -- as to damages and where 17 they reside and so forth. 18 MS. ROHN: But as to the issue, though, 19 whether there was a failure to control the 20 substance, there's already been a decision in the 21 individual plaintiff cases that this was a dangerous 22 nuisance. And that decision, if you'd like us to 23 brief that, but we believe that that finding applies 24 to this case, involved all the same defendants. 25

1	THE COURT: That finding was made by whom?
2	MS. ROHN: Judge Bartle.
3	THE COURT: Okay. In District Court?
4	MS. ROHN: Yes, sir.
5	THE COURT: Okay.
6	MS. ROHN: So there's a finding as to
7	dangerous nuisance. But
8	THE COURT: We had this situation come up
9	in one of your cases, the Green versus WAPA case.
10	MS. ROHN: Yes, sir.
11	THE COURT: But this one seems that it
12	involves the law of the case doctrine where the case
13	was originally in District Court, the District Court
14	made certain findings. In the Green case, the
15	District Court made certain findings on summary
16	judgment on facts, and then the case was later
17	removed no. It wasn't removed. It was
18	dismissed
19	MS. ROHN: Dismissed
20	THE COURT: and then refiled.
21	MS. ROHN: for the for the local
22	issues.
23	THE COURT: For the local causes of
24	action. And I ruled that the finding of summary
25	judgment on certain facts that was presented,

especially when those facts were not presented in 1 this case, the law -- that did not constitute the 2 law of the case doctrine because there are different 3 facts. Matter of fact, I don't think your client 4 responded to the factual allegations. 5 We moved that there -- it MS. ROHN: No. 6 was out of time and then never responded. And then 7 the Supreme Court said, if you didn't respond, 8 that's your bad because you -- even though you 9 thought it was out of time, you should have 10 responded anyway. 11 THE COURT: Yes. So --12 MS. ROHN: Now, there's --13 The law of the case doctrine THE COURT: 14 is a recognized common law doctrine in the Virgin 15 Islands. 16 MS. ROHN: That's true. 17 THE COURT: And I think another issue in 18 that case is whether the District Court would have 19 been considered a sister court to the Superior Court 20 for purposes of the law of the case doctrine. 21 MS. ROHN: There is a little nuance here 22 23 because --THE COURT: Okay. 24 MS. ROHN: -- the plaintiffs in this case 25

are not the same plaintiffs in that case. But the 1 defendants are all the same defendants and the 2 issues as to those defendants are all the same. 3 THE COURT: Okay. But then the law of the 4 case would not apply --5 MS. ROHN: That's right. 6 THE COURT: -- because it's not the same 7 parties. 8 MS. ROHN: So -- I just thought about 9 That's the -that. 10 THE COURT: Okay. 11 MS. ROHN: -- difference. 12 THE COURT: Okay. 13 MS. ROHN: So we can't do that. 14 THE COURT: So then that wouldn't be 15 necessarily binding. That would be persuasive. 16 MS. ROHN: Persuasive argument. 17 THE COURT: Okay. Okay. 18 So one of -- so that's -- my MS. ROHN: 19 idea is that you should indeed do Bellwether. I 20 don't think 100 or 150 plaintiffs is necessary. I 21 think it needs to be --22 THE COURT: Well, remember, under 23 Bellwether all cases are proceeding but some are 24 proceeding faster than others. 25

1	MS. ROHN: Right.
2	THE COURT: There's going to be
3	MS. ROHN: But I don't
4	THE COURT: perhaps three
5	MS. ROHN: think that
6	THE COURT: Under Bellwether, there are
7	about three I usually do three groups, a Group A,
8	a Group B, and a Group C. Group A would be maybe
9	between ten to 12 plaintiffs proceeding on a faster
10	track; a faster discovery track, a faster expert
11	track, a faster dispositive track. And then you
12	still have a Group B, which is another set, and then
13	a Group C.
14	MS. ROHN: They're all coming up
15	THE COURT: They all get their different
16	trial dates; but the Group A, which is the
17	representative sample, moves a little faster than
18	the others.
19	MS. ROHN: Right. So that's an issue.
20	That's what the plaintiff would like to have happen.
21	THE COURT: Okay.
22	MS. ROHN: The other there is one other
23	issue. This is a con we filed today there is
24	an issue in this case. It is the defendants'
25	position that the plaintiff must have expert

1	testimony connecting the injuries to the discharge.
2	THE COURT: To the what?
3	MS. ROHN: To the the injuries to the
4	discharge.
5	THE COURT: To the discharge. What do you
6	mean?
7	MS. ROHN: The letting loose of the
8	bauxite and the red dust, to prove that what
9	injuries they suffered were related to that.
10	THE COURT: Okay. Causation.
11	MS. ROHN: Right. But we have filed a
12	motion, and we believe that this is a threshold
13	motion, that in this case this is not true because
14	in this particular case the defendants Alcoa and
15	St. Croix Alumina created and Glencore created
16	their own which was Century, who is gone,
17	sorry created their own MSDS sheets that list the
18	problems, the causations, and the likely symptoms as
19	a result of this.
20	And this is not the type of thing that is
21	so complicated that an expert is needed. They were
22	fine. They had no problems. The red dust inundated
23	their house. They immediately got itchy eyes,
24	watery eyes, itchy skin, a rash. And every time
25	they got near it, they got the same symptoms. And,

therefore, this is not the kind of case that 1 needs -- that's something that a jury is capable of 2 doing, of putting together, and that the 3 defendants --4 THE COURT: You're saying it's a threshold 5 issue because if I do find that an expert is needed 6 7 that you can't produce an expert to prove that connection --8 MS. ROHN: Well --9 THE COURT: -- and that would prevent the 10 case from even going to trial because you can't 11 prove one element of the case? 12 MS. ROHN: We would be able to find a 13 general causation expert. We had one in the other 14 case. But there's two causations: 15 general causation and specific causation. We probably could 16 find a specific causation. But it's a great deal of 17 expense with 13,000 (sic) plaintiffs and we don't 18 believe that the law requires that. 19 So it seems that that is a threshold issue 20 that needs to be determined because it's our 21 position that we don't need experts and this case 22 could be very quickly ready for trial. 23 THE COURT: Do I have enough facts -- are 24 there enough facts in the record for me to reach a 25

ruling on that? 1 MS. ROHN: Yes, you do. 2 THE COURT: Okay. 3 MS. ROHN: Because -- well, and then 4 there's another threshold issue, which is all --5 there were extensive depositions taken in the 6 underlying original case. 7 THE COURT: In District Court? 8 MS. ROHN: In District Court. 9 THE COURT: Okay. 10 MS. ROHN: All the employees of St. Croix 11 Alumina, the people in Alcoa. The only depositions 12 that haven't been done for this case are SRG's 13 depositions and --14 THE COURT: Are you talking about 30(b)(6) 15 witnesses? 16 MS. ROHN: Huh? 17 THE COURT: Are you talking about 30(b)(6) 18 witnesses? 19 MS. ROHN: Yeah, and whoever they named in 20 the Rule 26 disclosures. 21 THE COURT: Okay. 22 MS. ROHN: Okay. So -- and we have SRG's 23 Rule 26 disclosures. 24 So we believe that since it was the same 25

issues that the defendants can't object to those 1 depositions. And the plaintiffs are willing to have 2 those depositions, even though there are other 3 plaintiffs, apply to this case because after 19 4 years many of the people who were deposed, nobody 5 knows where they are. And at the time the people 6 who came in and cleaned up their homes were deposed, 7 the people who worked for St. Croix Alumina who went 8 around talking to people were deposed, various 9 people from the neighborhood who heard the 10 statements that they made were deposed. So --11 THE COURT: Isn't there a rule on that? 12 MS. ROHN: Yes, there is. 13 THE COURT: You can --14 MS. ROHN: If it's the same party and they 15 attended the depositions and they had ability to 16 cross-examine, then it's admissible to be used 17 again. 18 THE COURT: Except it's not the same 19 parties. 20 If the party is the same 21 MS. ROHN: No. party in this case. If the party previously deposed 22 is the same party in this case, they were 23 represented by counsel, they had an opportunity to 24 cross-examine, then the evidence is admissible 25

against --1 THE COURT: Even if the plaintiff was 2 different? 3 MS. ROHN: Yeah. And -- and we've used --4 and the reason that comes up is that we have used 5 depositions of Hovensa, for instance, in other 6 Hovensa cases where they have made admissions that 7 also applied to my case. And that's how that law 8 was established. 9 THE COURT: Okay. 10 MS. ROHN: So that's a threshold issue. 11 And so -- so those -- let me see. That 12 is -- that's kind of our -- if we're going to do a 13 Bellwether, then -- then a lot of this has to be 14 changed. 15 THE COURT: Yeah, but also under 16 Bellwether, the defendants would be given an 17 opportunity, after conducting discovery and doing 18 IMEs on each party, to determine from their pick --19 for instance, in the Group A, let's say of the 1,300 20 plaintiffs, I say there are 12 -- there are going to 21 be 12 in Group A. Plaintiffs pick four, defendants 22 pick four, and then the Court is going to pick four 23 at random. And if the defendants truly are going to 24 pick their four, I'm assuming they're going to pick 25

1	their four best cases for them, they're going to
2	need to know something about all 1,300 of the
3	part of the plaintiffs.
4	MS. ROHN: Well, let me can I just
5	interrupt here?
6	THE COURT: Yes.
7	MS. ROHN: Because that happens normally
8	in a case where you're you're and I'm not
9	talking about the selection, but the issue of IMEs.
10	Usually, in those cases, this is an ongoing problem,
11	an ongoing claim for future damages. In our
12	particular case, we're not claiming future damages.
13	We're claiming acute exposures and acute damages
14	that resolved at the end of the exposure. So I see
15	absolutely no reason at 19 years later to do an IME.
16	We're not this is not the same case that was
17	brought earlier where we claimed chromium six and
18	they might have cancer.
19	We have looked at this case and we
20	agree when we took a look at it, we talked to our
21	plaintiffs about their conditions, we agree that
22	this is a number of acute exposures with acute
23	symptoms that go directly to what would be expected
24	to be experienced by that exposure and that when the
25	exposure ceased, the symptoms ceased.

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So it's a pretty simple case. You know, I 1 guess the devil is in how many plaintiffs there are. 2 But the cases themselves, other than punitive damage 3 claims for the actions of the defendant, are pretty 4 finite. Thus, my belief that I do not need expert 5 opinions because I am not giving -- there are no 6 opinions as to future problems or future medical 7 bills or future likelihood of --8 THE COURT: Are you claiming mental 9 anguish? 10 MS. ROHN: Well, mental anguish ended when 11 they cleaned up their house and they stopped itching 12 and their eyes weren't scratchy and itchy anymore. 13 THE COURT: Let me ask: For each of your 14 plaintiffs, do -- obviously you have a beginning 15 date. Do you have an end date? 16 MS. ROHN: Well, there are -- the reason 17 SRG is in this case is there was the initial 18 exposure and, yes, we have a beginning and end date 19 that is a little different for everybody but in no 20 account for more than six months. And then when SRG 21 bought the refinery from St. Croix Alumina, they 22 went in and took the crust off the red dust and did 23 move the red dust and then the red dust went back 24 into my clients' homes when the heavy winds blew. 25

And there are some acute exposures to my clients who 1 still lived in the area for that -- those acute 2 experiences. And, again, it's the same itchy eyes, 3 skin, having to clean their house. Some of their 4 plants died because they got the red dust on them 5 and didn't do photosynthesis. But, again, acute. 6 When the problem was cleaned up, they got their 7 cisterns cleaned up, those ended. So this isn't a 8 These are a number of acute and tobacco case. 9 finite exposures with minimum acute finite symptoms 10 that are exactly the symptoms that the MSDS sheet 11 says you will get if you're exposed. 12 THE COURT: Okay. Attorney Rohn, I'm 13 looking at Rule 32(a)(8) --14 MS. ROHN: Of the --15 THE COURT: Civil rules. 16 MS. ROHN: -- VI? 17 THE COURT: Rules of Civil Procedure, 18 which talks about depositions taken in an earlier 19 "The deposition lawfully action. And it reads: 20 taken and, if required, filed in any federal or 21 Virgin Islands court action may be used in a later 22 action involving the same subject matter between the 23 same parties, or their representatives or successor 24 interest, to the same extent as if taken in the 25

1	later action."
2	MS. ROHN: Right. But my plaintiffs would
3	be the ones able to object to the use of the
4	depositions because they weren't a party in that
5	action.
6	THE COURT: No, but the the rule says
7	same parties.
8	MS. ROHN: Well, Your Honor, that would
9	make this case impossible because it's 19 years old
10	and all I mean there are literally hundreds of
11	depositions in this case.
12	THE COURT: I understand. But I can't
13	change the rule. Is there another rule that you
14	would rely on?
15	MS. ROHN: Can I do some research on this?
16	THE COURT: Okay.
17	MS. ROHN: May we brief this issue?
18	THE COURT: Okay. It hasn't been briefed
19	already?
20	MS. ROHN: No.
21	THE COURT: All right.
22	MS. ROHN: Not to my knowledge.
23	THE COURT: Yeah, I would require the
24	parties to brief it anyway. Okay.
25	Okay. Anything else?

MS. ROHN: Those are the major issues that 1 need to be resolved because once we determine if 2 we're going to do a Bellwether case, then we could 3 probably come up with a different scheduling 4 order -- proposed scheduling order in that regard, 5 or the Court can. 6 7 THE COURT: Okay. Defendants, who would like to go first? 8 MR. SIMPSON: Good afternoon, Your Honor. 9 Andrew Simpson for St. Croix Alumina and Alcoa. 10 Т believe, for the most part, I'm also speaking for 11 the other defendants, but they may want a chop at 12 it, but we've discussed this in advance. 13 I quess there's a whole bunch of issues here to touch upon. 14 First of all, I want to point out that the 15 plaintiff did indeed agree to the questionnaires. 16 There's a submission to the Court on February 5th, 17 2018, a joint report of the parties where all 18 parties signed and represented to the Court that we 19 20 had agreed upon the questionnaire, and what we agreed upon was the last version that Attorney Rohn 21 had submitted to us and we said we'll go with that 22 version, we're happy with that. 23 And we were under the belief that these 24 questionnaires were being filled out and that -- and 25

we hoped in August we would get -- start at least --1 we were also told at the September -- or excuse 2 me -- January 18, 2018 hearing that they would not 3 all be held to the 200th day, that they would be 4 presented in a rolling fashion as they were received 5 by the plaintiffs' counsel. 6 Unfortunately, there was never any order 7 issued after the January 18, 2018 hearing to 8 actually establish a start date for the 200 days. 9 So in August, when we started looking at 10 this, we realized we had a problem there and things 11 were being rolled into the complex litigation side. 12 Unfortunately, now we're a year behind where we 13 could have been. 14 But there is an agreement in place on 15 significant portions of the plan for discovery in 16 this case. It involves questionnaires. It is a 17 lone pine type of agreement. There are 18 disagreements too. 19 And I think, just to go over them, first 20 of all, we agreed upon the questionnaire. We agreed 21 upon the precise language in the questionnaire. 22 THE COURT: Okay. But what I'm hearing 23 from Attorney Rohn is she's not agreeing. We have a 24 situation where you can't find -- she can't find her 25

client and the number of days before essentially the case is to be dismissed.

MR. SIMPSON: What we had agreed to 3 disagree on a year ago was how that gets handled. 4 She wanted us to file a motion to compel. We said 5 that is kind of meaningless for us to have to go 6 through the -- in 430 cases with 1,300 plaintiffs 7 filing a motion to compel saying we didn't get 8 anything. We said the initial burden should be on 9 the plaintiff to say -- to come forward and show 10 cause why the case should not be dismissed or 11 whatever other relief the Court might order. And so 12 come forward and say, I haven't been able to find 13 plaintiff John Doe, we've made good efforts, we 14 think we've located him, we need another hundred 15 days, and the Court deals with that. Another one is 16 the plaintiff has passed away, we need time to open 17 up an estate or whatever. 18 THE COURT: We don't -- we don't follow 19

that procedure anymore.

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21 MR. SIMPSON: Okay. Well, I'm trying to 22 give you samples of -- not just an out-and-out 23 dismissal but --

THE COURT: Right.

MR. SIMPSON: -- the plaintiff coming

forward to show cause why they haven't gone forward 1 and to -- for the Court then to decide what the next 2 step is for that particular plaintiff. 3 THE COURT: Well, even if I were to do --4 to issue a ruling on the order to show cause, I 5 would still have to go through the six-factor 6 analysis for a motion to dismiss for failure to 7 prosecute, and that would need to be briefed. 8 MR. SIMPSON: Correct. 9 THE COURT: Yes. 10 MR. SIMPSON: But it doesn't make a lot of 11 sense to have us having to file a motion to compel 12 either. 13 THE COURT: I agree. And sometimes in 14 these types of cases, I relax some of the discovery 15 rules because we're dealing with so many parties and 16 sometimes discovery can slow down the process 17 tremendously. So sometimes I'll be lax about the 18 discovery rules. 19 Understood. And we were 20 MR. SIMPSON: not -- we were not saying this had to be --21 THE COURT: Right. 22 MR. SIMPSON: -- hard and fast 200 days 23 you get dismissed. Just come and tell us why we 24 don't have it --25

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1	THE COURT: Right.
2	MR. SIMPSON: or, you know, however
3	many plaintiffs have not responded at that time.
4	THE COURT: Right.
5	MR. SIMPSON: So that was the disagreement
6	which is post questionnaire. We had agreed on the
7	questionnaire.
8	THE COURT: Okay. Attorney Rohn, do you
9	agree to the substance of the questionnaire?
10	MS. ROHN: You know, I don't I don't
11	have a copy of the questionnaire in my file. So I
12	assume that we never agreed on it because when I
13	went through my file, I couldn't find one. So if I
14	could just take a look at it, I might be able to
15	short circuit this.
16	THE COURT: From what Attorney Simpson
17	says, he has written documentation from you agreeing
18	to the substantive
19	MS. ROHN: I don't recall that, but if
20	he's it's I mean it's a year and something
21	ago.
22	THE COURT: I understand.
23	MS. ROHN: I've had a few cases in
24	between. So if he says let me just take a look
25	at it and if it looks rings a bell to me

1	THE COURT: Okay.
2	MS. ROHN: I will withdraw that we
3	don't have an agreement.
4	MR. HUNTER: Your Honor, it was attached
5	to defendants' report to Court dated January 16,
6	2018, served on
7	MS. ROHN: I can't hear you while I'm
8	looking.
9	THE COURT: Okay. Attorney Hunter, come
10	to the podium.
11	MR. HUNTER: Yes. Yeah, Your Honor, the
12	document they're referring to is the attachment to
13	defendants' report to Court dated January 16, 2018.
14	And it was also
15	THE COURT: What exhibit?
16	MR. HUNTER: It's the only exhibit. It's
17	the attachment to defendants' report to the Court.
18	THE COURT: Oh, okay.
19	MR. HUNTER: It's proposed discovery
20	order. Hold on.
21	THE COURT: Are you talking about the
22	actual discovery order or the documentation that
23	Attorney Rohn agreed to that questionnaire?
24	MR. HUNTER: What I'm referring to is
25	Exhibit A to defendants' report to Court.

1	THE COURT: Okay. Yes, I have that. But
2	where is it
3	MR. SIMPSON: That was our proposal.
4	Subsequent to that that was filed on January 16th
5	as Exhibit A to our report on January 16th.
б	THE COURT: Yes. Okay.
7	MR. SIMPSON: Subsequent to that, we
8	received from Attorney Rohn a proposal, which I have
9	just given I've given her the copy we received
10	from her.
11	THE COURT: Okay.
12	MR. SIMPSON: And we responded to her that
13	we agree to that.
14	On February 5th, we submitted a report to
15	the Court signed by all parties saying that the
16	parties had agreed upon and still agree upon a form
17	questionnaire to be filled out by each plaintiff.
18	That was February 5th.
19	MS. ROHN: Your Honor, I did agree that
20	there would be a form questionnaire. But I know I
21	never agreed to this form because I would never
22	agree to have you ever, including times not related
23	to this case, ever, ever, ever in your however old
24	you are file workman's comp without any time
25	periods. So this would go back for some of my

clients, they're 80 years old. It would go back 60, 1 70 years. So I did agree a questionnaire to be 2 agreed on, but I do not remember agreeing to this 3 particular questionnaire in the file. 4 MR. SIMPSON: I will be happy to present 5 to the Court --6 If you send me an email, I'll 7 MS. ROHN: change my mind, but I don't recall agreeing to have 8 you ever in your entire life had an accident, have 9 you ever in your entire life ever filed a workman's 10 I don't think -- I don't believe I agreed to comp. 11 that. 12 MR. SIMPSON: I will be happy to present 13 the Court and Counsel with the cover letter or 14 email, I can't remember which, from Attorney Rohn 15 with her proposed report and our response saying we 16 accepted it. There is an agreement on a 17 questionnaire. 18 MS. ROHN: I'll stand corrected then. But 19 I don't recall agreeing to a particular 20 questionnaire. 21 And if I had -- and the reason, Your 22 Honor, is if I had, I would have sent it out to the 23 clients because there's no reason for me to delay. 24 Even if the party agreed to 25 THE COURT:

it, unless it's presented as a stipulation for the 1 Court to approve, that's not something that's 2 ordinarily in the discovery rules. Meaning, you 3 guys have an agreement on that, the way to handle 4 discovery is not something that I can enforce. 5 MR. SIMPSON: No, Your Honor. I wasn't 6 7 asking you to. I said --THE COURT: Okay. 8 MR. SIMPSON: -- when the 200 days rolled 9 around and we looked at it, we said, we have never 10 received an order from Judge Brady so --11 THE COURT: Okay. 12 MR. SIMPSON: But I wanted to make sure 13 the Court was aware that we do have an agreement on 14 a questionnaire, on a number of points in a 15 discovery plan. 16 THE COURT: Okay. 17 MR. SIMPSON: And it is not a Bellwether 18 type of plan. And this was raised with Judge Brady 19 20 as well, and we explained. We've already tried the Bellwether approach. We have 17 representative 21 plaintiffs in the Henry case who supposedly were 22 representative of the class, and not a single one 23 could prove any medical damages whatsoever, acute or 24 prolonged. 25

1	And so we've already tried that approach
2	and it did not work. We're still presented with
3	1,300 acute claims. And if someone comes in and
4	says, I have this, it doesn't mean that the other
5	1,300 do.
6	And there are way too many variables in
7	this case to to for a Bellwether approach to
8	work, and that's why it didn't work in the Henry
9	case.
10	THE COURT: Well, that was submitted as a
11	proposed class action.
12	MR. SIMPSON: Yes, but they supposedly
13	these were 17 people who represented the class.
14	They should have been outstanding representatives of
15	what these the class was supposed to present.
16	And if they did, that means those other 1,300 didn't
17	have any claims.
18	MS. ROHN: Your Honor, he threw out their
19	claims. They never had a trial on their claims.
20	Judge Bartle struck all their witnesses, all their
21	experts, and threw out their PI claims, and the only
22	thing they had left were property damage. So you
23	can't say we've had trials on this case. We
24	haven't.
25	MR. SIMPSON: I wasn't suggesting we had

1	trials.
2	THE COURT: I don't think that's what he
3	said. He said that the 13 (sic) individuals that
4	were supposed to represent the class couldn't prove
5	medical damages.
6	MS. ROHN: Because they were claiming
7	permanent injuries, totally different injuries that
8	are being claimed in this case. They were claiming
9	permanent injuries, exposure to sodium
10	THE COURT: And wait a minute. They were
11	different plaintiffs.
12	MS. ROHN: They were totally different
13	plaintiffs.
14	THE COURT: So we're not talking about
15	the same people.
16	MR. SIMPSON: There were 17 plaintiffs,
17	Joseph Ed Henry and others, who supposedly were
18	representative of a class of everyone who lived in
19	three neighborhoods near the alumina plant at the
20	time of Hurricane George. They were supposed to be
21	the representative. They are your textbook class
22	representatives should be your textbook Bellwether
23	plaintiffs.
24	THE COURT: Were they the same cause of
25	action as in this case?

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1	MR. SIMPSON: They included acute as well
2	as chronic injury, and they could not prove any. So
3	that's one problem with the Bellwether approach.
4	Another problem is, which we didn't have
5	in that other case which we have in this one, is
6	allegations of asbestos exposure.
7	THE COURT: In which case?
8	MR. SIMPSON: This case, the master
9	docket. Every single one of the 434 complaints
10	contains numerous allegations of asbestos exposure
11	that were not present at all in the prior case.
12	So
13	THE COURT: Okay. But what's the
14	significance of that?
15	MR. SIMPSON: Every asbestos is
16	asbestosis, a long-term exposure to asbestos, is
17	a the latency for that disease is a very long
18	time. Different people are going to have different
19	reactions to it. You're going to have different
20	injury from that. So I mean and we don't know
21	what their exposure is.
22	THE COURT: I understand. But I mean you
23	bring that up to say what? That that's why
24	Bellwether wouldn't work?
25	MR. SIMPSON: Well, I'm explaining one

1	reason why that case is different from this case
2	is different from the last case.
3	THE COURT: No, you don't need to
4	distinguish you don't need to distinguish it.
5	MR. SIMPSON: Okay.
6	THE COURT: Yeah, I don't see any
7	relevance to distinguishing what we have here than
8	what was mediated in District Court.
9	MR. SIMPSON: You had a simpler case in
10	District Court. You didn't have any allegations of
11	asbestosis expo asbestos exposure. It was a
12	simpler case. And the Bellwether plaintiffs in that
13	case could not prove any of the claims.
14	THE COURT: Okay. And how do you suggest
15	the Court proceeds in this case?
16	MR. SIMPSON: Okay. As as laid out in
17	the discovery order as agreed by all the parties
18	with areas of disagreements, we propose the
19	questionnaires get completed; and then, at that
20	time, a number of plaintiffs are randomly selected.
21	We cannot agree whether the plaintiffs wanted
22	100. We proposed 130. We could not agree to meet
23	in the middle. We left it at that to present to the
24	Court. And 130 from the defendants' perspective,
25	100 from plaintiff's perspective to be deposed for

1	one hour each. So rapid-fire deposition so we could
2	get a good understanding of the nature of a
3	significant 10 percent of the claims. I said 130.
4	As we pointed out in
5	THE COURT: What happens to the other
б	1,200?
7	MR. SIMPSON: Nothing has happened yet.
8	THE COURT: So the case is essentially
9	stayed with those other 1,200?
10	MR. SIMPSON: Correct.
11	THE COURT: Okay.
12	MR. SIMPSON: We pointed out in one of our
13	discovery memorandum that basically that would give
14	us a confidence interval of about 95 percent, using
15	a representative class of 100 or representative
16	plaintiffs for deposition of 130. That's
17	statistically only if there's one variable in place,
18	one difference, one variable between the 130
19	plaintiffs. We have multiple variables here, which
20	is why we say 100 is way too low. One hundred with
21	one variable, that drops to the confidence interval
22	level down to 85 percent. But we've got people from
23	different neighborhoods. We've got different
24	exposures during remediation. We've got other
25	exposures. Some might have been exposed to

asbestos, some might not. We've got people who 1 weren't there --2 THE COURT: Asbestos would have come from 3 the red mud? 4 MR. SIMPSON: It suppos -- the allegation 5 is it came from the refinery and that we're 6 responsible for it. We haven't even gotten into 7 discovery to find out where they say it came from 8 and how it migrated to the neighborhoods. We don't 9 even know that. None of the depositions taken in 10 the other case got into that because that wasn't an 11 issue. We have people --12 THE COURT: Hold on. Hold on. Hold on. 13 Attorney Rohn, how many instances was 14 the -- besides the hurricane -- I think it was what, 15 Hurricane Marilyn, right? 16 MR. SIMPSON: George. 17 THE COURT: Hurricane George. I'm sorry. 18 Besides Hurricane George, when was the other 19 incident that caused the red mud to disperse in the 20 neighborhoods? 21 MS. ROHN: There was the discharge in 22 Hurricane George. Then there was a second discharge 23 not long after when they tried to clean up the red 24 dust and respread the red dust through the 25

neighborhood. And then I can't give you the dates 1 off the top of my head but there was -- there were 2 two or three discharge -- distinct discharges when 3 Alcoa -- St. Croix Alumina went in and resurfaced 4 the red dust and spread it back over the 5 neighborhoods. 6 Is that bauxite? 7 THE COURT: It's -- it's -- it's red dust. MS. ROHN: 8 It's a product of bau -- the combi -- in the 9 hurricane, there was a shed that they knew had no 10 roof on it that contained the bauxite. 11 THE COURT: Yes. 12 And then there were these huge, MS. ROHN: 13 tall piles of red dust. In the hurricane, the 14 bauxite blew out of the shed into the neighborhoods, 15 and the strength of the wind took the top of the red 16 dust piles and put it in the neighborhoods. 17 The rest of the exposures are all solely 18 red dust because the bauxite problem, as far as we 19 20 could tell, from depositions, was remedied. So what this was was if there was a resurfacing of where 21 they took the crust off the top, then the -- and 22 there was a storm, then there would be red dust back 23 in the neighborhood. 24 THE COURT: Okay. 25

1	MS. ROHN: And then as to SRG, there was a
2	distinct time after SRG bought the refinery when
3	they took the crust off of the red mud and tried
4	red mud piles and tried to reconfigure them. And
5	there's a claim for that.
6	And the asbestos claim is so is
7	really comes from SRG because they went into their
8	plant and tried to dismantle the plant and, in doing
9	so, discovered friable asbestos but did not properly
10	encapsulate it and remove it. But none of my
11	clients my clients have acknowledged that they
12	were exposed to asbestos, but no one none of them
13	have an asbestos-related disease. And the time
14	period would be insufficient for them to have gotten
15	an asbestos-related disease at this point.
16	THE COURT: Attorney Simpson?
17	MR. SIMPSON: That's not what the
18	complaint says so that's part of the difficulty of
19	dealing with this.
20	THE COURT: Well, you have Attorney Rohn
21	stating it on the record so
22	MR. SIMPSON: Yes. And, you know, it's
23	nice to hear that it's main the asbestos is
24	mainly SCRG, but she's not said it's exclusively
25	SCRG so

1	THE COURT: Well, she said none of her
2	clients have any asbestos-related diseases.
3	MR. SIMPSON: Yes, but somehow she feels
4	asbestos is significant to this lawsuit. It's
5	named it's and she hasn't amended her
б	complaint to remove all the allegations but
7	MS. ROHN: Because you get mental anguish
8	from the exposure even if you don't have the
9	disease. But the exposure is from
10	THE COURT: St. Croix Renaissance Group.
11	MS. ROHN: Exactly. We have no knowledge
12	that there was any friable asbestos in all the
13	depositions we took and all the site visits we took
14	from Alcoa or St. Croix Alumina. The only one we
15	know about is SRG.
16	THE COURT: Okay.
17	MR. SIMPSON: So getting on to the number
18	of different variables, we have people who are
19	homeowners, we have people who are renters, and we
20	people who are neither. They're inhabitants at
21	homes that other people rent. That gets to the
22	trespass claims and, you know, what kind of property
23	damage claims they can assert. So there are
24	every plaintiff in this case has different possible
25	damages. There is not uniformity in

THE COURT: Well, that's why it's not a 1 class action. 2 MR. SIMPSON: And that's why a Bellwether 3 approach doesn't work. That's why we need to get 4 deeper into it with what we've proposed and, as I 5 said, what we agreed upon, which is between 100 and 6 130 one-hour depositions. And then what we proposed 7 was that at that point we have a follow-up 8 conference to reach the next step. And maybe at 9 that point you proceed with Bellwether. Presumably, 10 at that point, there's going to be a lot that we 11 have been able to identify for settlement and some 12 that we cannot. So we think we're whittling it down 13 to make the case more manageable by that point. 14 THE COURT: Yes, but the concern I have 15 there is that you're going to have a thousand-plus 16 cases where there's going to be zero activity until 17 these first group are resolved. 18 MR. SIMPSON: You know --19 THE COURT: That's not fair to the others. 20 MR. SIMPSON: We had proposed ordinary 21 discovery as an alternative, but we recognize --22 THE COURT: That would not --23 MR. SIMPSON: -- that that is also not --24 THE COURT: That's impractical. 25

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1	MR. SIMPSON: Right. So I mean if I
2	suppose we could do it this way and not stay the
3	others and have them
4	THE COURT: Would you be willing to do
5	your approach if the plaintiffs choose the 130?
6	MR. SIMPSON: I think what we propose
7	was randomly choosing so
8	THE COURT: I understand.
9	MR. SIMPSON: No, I don't think I'd
10	have to consult with my client about that, but I
11	don't think they'd agree with that.
12	I had an experience trying an exposure
13	case with a hundred-and-some plaintiffs in the
14	Yellow Cedar neighborhood. That was coming from the
15	Port Authority expansion of the runways. And we
16	tried to do a Bellwether approach in that, and it
17	just didn't work because the exposures were so
18	different. We ended up after initially trying
19	that, we ended up deposing every single one of the
20	plaintiffs.
21	We're trying to come up with a way that
22	makes this manageable for everyone. You know, this
23	is not deposing all 1,300 really is not a good
24	solution. Doing a Bellwether of 12 really isn't a
25	good solution either. This is kind of a

modification because what we're talking about --1 THE COURT: What I've done in another case 2 that worked -- and this was a case involving 500 3 plaintiffs. It was asbestos, silica and catalyst at 4 the refinery. After -- well, it was -- it wasn't 5 It was 175, 190, something around 500 at the time. 6 there, where those individuals went and got IMEs. 7 They all lined up between three days. 8 The defendants, you know, had -- they -- they choose 9 their doctor and all those individuals were sent for 10 examinations. 11 And after that -- of course, all the 12 reports were shared with all the parties. And based 13 on that, we had a Group A where plaintiffs choose 14 their best -- well, they choose four, the defendants 15 choose four, and the Court chose four. And those 16 cases proceeded, and right now they're in 17 settlement. They -- for all intents and purposes, 18 that case settled. They settled 500 based on 19 looking at those initial 12. Well, no, they had 20 IMEs from all. But based on the litigation, up to 21 eve of trial on those 12. The parties were able to 22 know their strengths, their weaknesses, and their 23 exposure for each of those as a representative 24 sample. And under that approach, all -- every case 25

1	was moving, some faster than others, and, you know,
2	every plaintiff, you know, when we had court, they
3	had the opportunity to come to court, and they
4	each plaintiff felt that their case was being
5	treated fairly.
6	Now, I know that you guys are looking at
7	this from the perspective of your clients and as
8	attorneys, but I have to also look at it from the
9	institution of justice. And if you have 13
10	individuals who file claims and then we're going to
11	randomly say, hey, you we're going to hold your
12	claim for years while we proceed with these others,
13	how does that instill confidence in the institution?
14	MR. SIMPSON: So if I'm understanding you,
15	what you had was an IME of every plaintiff?
16	THE COURT: Correct.
17	MR. SIMPSON: Okay. Well, I mean I would
18	submit to you that what we're proposing with
19	one-hour depositions is not unlike I mean we
20	have
21	THE COURT: No. And you do the IME before
22	we get to the depos.
23	MS. ROHN: My clients have no injuries at
24	this time. What are you going to IME them for?
25	THE COURT: No, I was just telling

you what --1 MS. ROHN: There's no --2 THE COURT: 3 Okay. MS. ROHN: -- reason for --4 THE COURT: Okay. 5 -- an IME in this case. MS. ROHN: 6 We're not claiming ongoing injuries. 7 THE COURT: Okay. 8 MS. ROHN: We're claiming acute injuries 9 for which they have now resolved. 10 THE COURT: Correct. I'm trying to see if 11 we can resolve the issue of those plaintiffs who you 12 are not able to get in contact with at the moment 13 but yet still have these cases move along. 14 MS. ROHN: Right. I mean some of my 15 clients -- I can get ahold of my clients. Some of 16 them are in Mexico. 17 THE COURT: Of the 1,300-plus. 18 MS. ROHN: Believe me, all of my clients, 19 Your Honor, paid their filing fee. 20 THE COURT: Okay. 21 MS. ROHN: And my claims are by families, 22 which is also how we ought to look at this --23 THE COURT: Right. 24 MS. ROHN: -- is because there's no sense 25

in trying one member of the family when there --1 THE COURT: And that brings up another 2 issue. Even though there are 1,300 cases, some 3 cases have multiple plaintiffs. 4 MS. ROHN: Correct, because they're family 5 members. We did ours by homes. 6 THE COURT: 7 Right. MR. SIMPSON: There's 434 cases. 8 There's 1,300 plaintiffs. 9 THE COURT: Okay. Okay. 10 MS. ROHN: So we did our by homes. 11 MR. SIMPSON: I think it's 434. 12 MS. ROHN: 438, I think, actually. 13 But -- so -- and, really and truly, except 14 for the issue of punitive damages, this is a case 15 where the damages in the -- in their cases range 16 somewhere between \$35,000 and \$75,000 less punitive 17 They're acute exposures and they resolved damages. 18 so --19 THE COURT: Well, can't we Bellwether this 20 based on the threshold issues? 21 MR. SIMPSON: Again, what I was trying to 22 get to was I didn't think IMEs made sense in this, 23 but I --24 THE COURT: Right. 25

1	MR. SIMPSON: do think hour-long depos
2	do because we have a lot of issues here on the
3	statute of limitations with individual plaintiffs.
4	THE COURT: But but but Attorney
5	Rohn, he's entitled to depose. That's not an issue.
6	MS. ROHN: I understand that but not
7	THE COURT: He's entitled to depose.
8	MS. ROHN: 1,300 at the same time. I
9	can't close down every other case I have. They've
10	got tons of lawyers. They're going to have people
11	come in pro hac vice. I've got a small firm. Now,
12	I do have a firm that I'm trying to get to come in
13	with me on this, but I haven't got an agreement yet.
14	So you can't tell me, we want to go back to back and
15	do 1,300 depositions
16	THE COURT: But you
17	MS. ROHN: and do it
18	THE COURT: did accept the
19	representation.
20	MS. ROHN: I understand that. But there's
21	no reason that you can do depositions by
22	agreement and availability. You can't tell me, shut
23	your office down for six months while we do
24	depositions.
25	THE COURT: No, but and I think this

issue happened with Attorney Beckstedt --1 MS. ROHN: But I --2 THE COURT: -- but --3 MS. ROHN: -- but -- but I do think if we 4 pick out the case, get that case ready, have the 5 questionnaires answered, then later set a next set 6 of depositions, and then set a next set of 7 depositions. And then I do think that it would be 8 in the interest of the defendants' clients to adopt 9 the prior deposition testimony rather than spend the 10 thousands and thousands of dollars to redepose those 11 people in which I'm going to hand their deposition 12 to them and say, "Sir, do you recall giving this 13 deposition, is everything you said in this 14 deposition true?" Really, what's the sense of that? 15 THE COURT: I -- I can think of --16 MS. ROHN: So I'm just --17 THE COURT: -- a whole host of issues with 18 that so --19 MS. ROHN: -- asking the defendants to 20 look at whether or not they really want to travel 21 all over the world, because these people are all 22 over the world, to do this. 23 THE COURT: Let's do this. 24 Let's go off -- we're off the record. 25

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1	(Discussion held off the record from 3:18 p.m.
2	to 3:46 p.m.)
3	THE COURT: There's something I needed to
4	bring up.
5	Attorney Rohn, isn't what about
б	Glencore International, AG? They're named as a
7	defendant, but I don't see that they've been served
8	or that there's an answer.
9	MS. ROHN: Glencore became Cent did
10	Glencore become Century? No, Glencore is not in
11	here.
12	THE COURT: Glencore International, AG.
13	Glencore Limited is Attorney Hunter.
14	MS. ROHN: Right, but Glencore AG is not.
15	THE COURT: Okay. Are you withdrawing
16	them from the case, dismissing them from the case?
17	MS. ROHN: I have to check it because
18	you're giving me this cold, but I believe so.
19	THE COURT: Okay. They've never been
20	served and they haven't answered.
21	MS. ROHN: Right.
22	MR. SIMPSON: There was an order to show
23	cause
24	MS. ROHN: Right. And I
25	MR. SIMPSON: to serve last year.

1	MS. ROHN: And I think I said, no, we've
2	never served them, but the order never
3	THE COURT: Okay.
4	MS. ROHN: But I just want to make sure
5	and check my file before I just say that on behalf
6	of my plaintiffs.
7	THE COURT: Okay.
8	MS. ROHN: It's Glencore AG, right?
9	THE COURT: Glencore International, AG.
10	MS. ROHN: Okay.
11	THE COURT: Okay. I'm going to need all
12	parties to meet and confer and submit a proposed
13	scheduling order within 20 days. And in that order,
14	you're going to have a plan, submit a plan as to how
15	the parties to recommend how the parties are
16	going to handle discovery. And it needs to that
17	plan needs to include all of these cases are
18	going to be moving at the same time but not at the
19	same rate, okay? I'm not going to approve any plan
20	that puts a stay on any of these cases.
21	Attorney Rohn, you're going to I think
22	you said you needed 20 days to file
23	MS. ROHN: On the depositions.
24	THE COURT: on the Rule 32(a)(8) issue.
25	MS. ROHN: And we can meet and see if we

can resolve that. 1 THE COURT: Yes. Okay. Yes. 2 MS. ROHN: And I can give -- we'll file, 3 but I'll also give a list of the proposed 4 depositions --5 THE COURT: Okay. 6 MS. ROHN: -- to the defendants. 7 THE COURT: And in the interim, everyone 8 will read Attorney Rohn's motion with regards to 9 whether an expert is needed to prove causation. 10 Okay. Everyone -- everyone -- all 11 defendants who's left in this case --12 MS. ROHN: Can --13 THE COURT: -- have all filed answers. 14 MS. ROHN: -- they read it and also 15 respond to it? 16 THE COURT: They can respond if they so 17 If they don't, they waive their right to choose. 18 make any arguments. 19 MS. ROHN: 20 Okay. THE COURT: Okay. Once I receive the 21 parties recommendation, I will issue an order so we 22 can get this case moving. In the interim, the 23 parties have Rule 26 obligations. As I said --24 MS. ROHN: No. We're using the 25

questionnaire --1 THE COURT: Okay. 2 MS. ROHN: -- in lieu --3 THE COURT: Okay. 4 -- thereof as to the MS. ROHN: 5 But the defendants still have their plaintiffs. 6 Rule 26 obligations. 7 MR. SIMPSON: This has been briefed in the 8 discovery memos, Your Honor. We've maintained 9 everybody does the Rule 26 disclosures or I think we 10 proposed once we have 50 to 60 percent of their 11 disclosures -- of their questionnaires, that we 12 provide ours. 13 THE COURT: And I said earlier, I'm 14 willing to relax the discovery rules as they apply 15 to everyone. 16 MS. ROHN: Your Honor, there's 1,300 17 plaintiffs. There's five defendants. So we agreed 18 that they could put all the Rule 26 requests in the 19 questionnaires and we would answer those at the same 20 time we're answering the questionnaires. But you 21 can't tell me that I get no information as to who 22 they think the witnesses are or what documents you 23 think are relevant to this case for months and 24 months and months and months. 25

1	MR. SIMPSON: This is after we were told
2	it's all been done in the last case and
3	MS. ROHN: But you don't
4	MR. SIMPSON: ready to go to the trial.
5	MS. ROHN: But they won't adopt the last
6	case.
7	So you can't have it both ways. You can't
8	say, oh, you already know what it is in the last
9	case but you can't use the last case.
10	MR. SIMPSON: I'm not asserting that it's
11	all the same case. That's the assertion that has
12	been made by plaintiffs' counsel. But all
13	we're suggest all we suggested before was that at
14	a point when we have, I think we said 50 to 60
15	percent of the questionnaires, that
16	THE COURT: Why do you need the
17	plaintiffs' information for you to do your initial
18	disclosures?
19	MR. SIMPSON: Because a lot of the
20	information depends upon what we receive from the
21	plaintiffs.
22	THE COURT: No, no, no, Attorney Simpson.
23	MR. SIMPSON: Not all of it.
24	THE COURT: It's Rule 26. You're
25	anticipating your defense. You kind of know who

1	your
2	MR. SIMPSON: We know some of that, but we
3	don't know a lot of it.
4	THE COURT: Okay.
5	MS. ROHN: Well, they certainly know all
6	their liability people and who they're going to set
7	for liability. They certainly know the documents
8	that they think are going to prove they weren't
9	liable. You know, the idea that you have to ask
10	know whether or not my client was in the Army or the
11	Navy or just tell me your issues on liability.
12	MR. HUNTER: Your Honor, perhaps if I may
13	address the issue.
14	THE COURT: Yes.
15	MR. HUNTER: Perhaps both sides should be
16	ordered to give the plaintiff the general Rule 26.
17	I'm sure she has a pretty good idea of how she's
18	going to present her case for all her clients rather
19	than specific to one, specific to one information in
20	the questionnaire. So maybe that should be
21	disclosed at the same time that we disclose our
22	Rule 26.
23	MR. SIMPSON: That makes sense.
24	THE COURT: Say that again.
25	MR. HUNTER: Plaintiffs, I'm sure, have a

pretty good idea of --1 THE COURT: Okay. 2 MR. HUNTER: -- how they expect to prove 3 their case generally rather than specific damage 4 claims plaintiff by plaintiff. The questionnaires 5 will get into the specific plaintiff by plaintiff 6 information. So all parties should make their 7 Rule 26 disclosures at the same time with respect to 8 those general matters. 9 MS. ROHN: You know what, Your Honor? 10 This is why we need to adopt them. Because you know 11 what that's going to result in? Me producing all of 12 the depositions of all the people that have been 13 deposed, all the documents that were produced in the 14 prior case when we should just be adopting these 15 things. And I'll just get all the interrogatory 16 answers from the defendants before we submit 17 admissions against interest and all the documents 18 and I'll go give them two bankers or three bankers 19 boxes full of documents that we ought to be all 20 agreeing are part of this case. 21 THE COURT: Yeah, but that can only happen 22 if there's a rule that allows that. 23 MS. ROHN: Okay. Well, why don't we 24 finish briefing the issue --25

THE COURT: Okay. 1 MS. ROHN: -- and then we'll decide on 2 this Rule 26. 3 THE COURT: Okay. So I'm going to suspend 4 Rule 26 for everyone. 5 MS. ROHN: Until there's a ruling on the 6 briefing. 7 THE COURT: Okay. The -- Attorney Rohn, 8 any of your clients, is English their second 9 language? 10 MS. ROHN: Many. 11 THE COURT: Are accommodations going to be 12 made in the questionnaire that the questionnaire be 13 translated in Spanish? 14 MS. ROHN: It will need to be in Spanish. 15 They'll -- I'll need to have English and Spanish. 16 THE COURT: Okay. 17 MR. SIMPSON: That's not a problem. 18 THE COURT: That's not a problem. Okay. 19 20 Great. All right. Anything else, Attorney Rohn? 21 MS. ROHN: Not for the plaintiffs, Your 22 Honor. 23 THE COURT: Anything else, Attorney 24 Simpson? 25

1	MR. SIMPSON: No, Your Honor.
2	THE COURT: Attorney Hunter?
3	MR. HUNTER: No, Your Honor.
4	THE COURT: Attorney Hartmann?
5	MR. HARTMANN: I take it Your Honor
6	doesn't want to hear about the consolidation issues?
7	THE COURT: No.
8	MR. HARTMANN: Nothing further, Your
9	Honor. Thank you.
10	(Proceedings adjourned at 3:54 p.m.)
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1	CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER
2	I, CAROL GRECO, Registered Professional Reporter,
3	Official Court Reporter, of the Superior Court of the
4	Virgin Islands, Division of St. Croix, do hereby certify
5	that I reported by machine shorthand, in my official
6	capacity, the hearing in the case of In Re: Red Dust
7	Claims, Master Case No. SX-15-CV-620, in said Court, on
8	the 24th day of January, 2019.
9	I FURTHER CERTIFY that the foregoing 63 pages are a
10	true and accurate computer-aided transcription of my
11	stenotype notes of said proceedings.
12	I HAVE HEREUNTO subscribed my name, this 30th
13	day of January, 2019.
14	Gaua
15	CAROL GRECO, RPR
16	REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL REPORTER Official Court Reporter
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